

10-25-2000

A

10/04/00  
JCE41 U.S. PTO  
09/678923

EXPRESS MAIL: EL155986413US  
Date of Deposit: October 4, 2000

DOCKET NO. K-1633

**PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL SHEET**

JCE41 U.S. PTO  
09/678923  
10/04/00

Box Patent Application  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Inventor(s): Kenneth G. DeRoche et al.

For: MILLING CUTTER

Transmitted herewith for filing is the above-identified patent application along with:

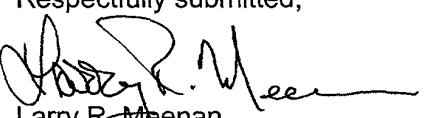
- ☒ 4 sheet(s) of drawings
- ☒ One unsigned Declaration & Power of Attorney (4 pages)

Fees are calculated as follows: ☐ Small Entity ☒ Other

CLAIMS AS FILED						
	Number Filed		Number Extra		Rate	Fee
Total Claims	14	-20 =	0	X	\$18 =	\$0
Independent Claims	2	-3 =	0	X	\$80 =	0
Multiple Dependent Claims				+	\$270	
Basic Fee					\$710	\$710
TOTAL FEE						\$710

- ☒ Charge deposit account **11-0508** in the amount of **\$710.00**
- ☒ A duplicate copy of this letter is enclosed.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees included in 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to said Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,  


Larry R. Meenan  
Attorney for Applicant(s)  
Registration No. 33,423  
Phone: 724-539-5485  
Date: October 4, 2000

Kennametal Inc.  
P. O. Box 231  
Latrobe, PA 15650

**MILLING CUTTER**FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to metal cutting tools and more particularly to helical cutting tools such as end mills and face mills. Specifically, the present invention relates to a milling cutter including multiple flutes having inserts wherein the axial rake angle of the inserts varies between each flute and within each flute.

10                   BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Helical end mills and face mills are well known in the industry. Conventional helical end mills include those shown on pages 182-216 in Kennametal's Milling Catalog No. 5040, copyright 1995.

15                   One form of helical mill that has been in use for years is a helical mill where the cutting edge of each insert is axially spaced apart from the cutting edge of the next adjacent insert and where the inserts in each helix are staggered such that two or more rows are necessary to produce one complete or "all  
20                   effective" cutting edge. Such a design is shown by the Kennametal 0 degree Lead--Helical End Mills, as shown on page 188 of the above referenced Milling Catalog. One of the disadvantages of such design is that the  
25                   lead insert in at least one helix must either be of a different length or offset inward and thus incapable of face milling. This is a result of the need to stagger the inserts in each helix. Consequently, all of the inserts are generally not the same and thus not  
30                   interchangeable, thus requiring the manufacture and inventory of multiple inserts.

These staggered helix and other conventional mills are sufficient for their intended purposes and thus many cutting processes; however, further

improvements in the design and effectiveness of a helical mill is desired.

One such solution is described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,083,887. In this solution, the cutting inserts  
5 are disposed in a helical array in which the cutting edge of each insert, with respect to the cutting tool, is spaced in the circumferential direction from the seat of the next adjacent insert and is in overlapping relationship in the axial direction with the cutting  
10 edge of the next adjacent insert, and the radially extending edges of each insert are in overlapping relation with the radially extending edges of the adjacent inserts, such that the cutting edge of all of the inserts in any one flute define a continuous, non-  
15 interrupted, cutting line of stepped configuration. This solution has become known as single flute "all-effective" milling.

Although this single flute "all effective" mill provides a helical end mill using only one type of  
20 insert and needing only one flute for "all effective" cutting, the industry continues to strive for improved "all effective" milling whether it be single flute or double flute "all effective." In particular, the industry continues to strive for even better surface  
25 finishing, smoother cutting action, reduced vibrations, reduced hammering, reduced chattering, more economical cutters, more durable cutters, longer lasting cutters, and more simplistic designs for easier and faster manufacture and insert replacement.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present  
30 invention to provide an improved helical mill, such as an end mill or face mill. It is a further objective of the present invention to provide such an improved helical mill which provides for "all effective"  
35 cutting. It is a further objective of the present invention to provide such an improved helical mill which includes non-uniform flutes and/or insert seats

on the flutes including differing rake angles between flutes and between the inserts along a single flute.

It is further an objective of the present invention to provide some or all of the following in comparison to the current mills: better surface finishing, smoother cutting action, reduced vibrations, reduced hammering, reduced chattering, more economical cutters, more durable cutters, longer lasting cutters, less horsepower consumption during cutting, and more simplistic designs for easier and faster manufacture and insert replacement.

#### SUMMARY AND OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION

Briefly, the present invention relates to a cutting tool for cutting a workpiece. The cutting tool includes a tool body having an outer surface thereon and a central axis therein and at least a first and second spiraling flute in the outer surface. Each flute includes a plurality of inserts secured therein to define an axial rake angle, wherein the axial rake angle of the inserts varies between flutes and within each flute.

In a preferred embodiment, the axial rake angle is selectively varied around the circumference of the toolbody to form a staggered sequential repeating matrix.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The above, as well as other features and advantages of the invention, will become apparent through consideration of the detailed description in connection with the several drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a helical end mill with multiple flutes having inserts seated therein where inserts in adjacent flutes are at differing axial rake angles;

FIG. 2 is a side view of the helical end mill of Fig. 1;

FIG. 3 an end view of the helical end mill of Fig. 1; and

5        FIG. 4 is a two dimensional projection of the top faces of the inserts taken from the helical first, second and third flutes to show the differing axial rake angle between flutes and inserts.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

10        Referring to the drawings wherein like reference characters designate like elements there is shown a helical cutting tool 10, such as an end mill, face mill, or any other known mill. It will be appreciated that although the invention is described in  
15        relation to a multiple fluted helical end mill, the inventive concept of differing rake angles both along a single flute and between two or more flutes is applicable to most any suitable cutting tool.

As shown in FIG. 1, the helical end mill 10  
20        includes a tool body 12 and a shank 14. The shank 14 is configured so as to be capable of insertion and securing within a spindle of a milling or other cutting machine (not shown) as is well known in the art. The shank 14 may be of any shape or design so as to be  
25        capable of this insertion and securing. Such designs include, but are not limited to, V-flange, taper, shell mill mount, and Weldon shank. Obviously, should the mill instead be a face mill, then no shank exists as is well known in the art.

30        The tool body 12 is a substantially cylindrical body with a central axis CA. The tool body 12 extends axially from the shank 14 to an end face 16 thereby defining an exterior surface 18 therebetween. The exterior surface 18 of the tool body  
35        12 preferably includes a plurality of helical grooves. It will be appreciated that most any number of helical

grooves may be formed in the tool body 12. The overall perspective view in FIG. 1 shows helical grooves 20 and 22. Each groove 20 and 22 is preferably cut into the exterior surface 18 in a helical or spiral manner that  
5 extends from the end face 16 to substantially the shank 14.

Each helical groove 20 and 22 generally includes a pair of opposing faces, specifically a leading face 28 and a trailing face 30, defining a  
10 carved out flute area therebetween as best shown in FIGS. 1 and 2. The leading face 28 and trailing face 30 may either intersect at the radially most inward portion of the flute (thus defining a generally V-shaped radial cross section to the flute), or  
15 alternatively, a base face may connect the leading and trailing faces (thus defining a generally U-shaped cross section to the flute). For a more detailed discussion of the helical groove reference is made to United States Patent No. 5,913,644, incorporated herein  
20 by reference.

Each leading face 28 spirals cutting inward from the exterior surface 18 such that the face is approximately radial to the central axis of the substantially cylindrical shank 14 as shown in FIG. 1  
25 when viewed from any given radial plane. Such spiraling may be either clockwise or counter-clockwise. In contrast, each trailing face 30 is actually a plurality of stepped seats 34.

An insert 38 is affixed to each seat 34 in  
30 each groove 20 and 22. As shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, each insert is affixed to each insert using a screw 39 with a tapered head insertable through a correspondingly tapered hole (not shown) in each insert and then threaded into a threaded hole in the respective  
35 seat 34. It is within the scope of the invention that any known insert securing method and device may be used

including all those well recognized in the art without altering the invention.

The inserts may generally be of any known construction, size, shape, or configuration so long as  
5 the inserts securely and properly fit the seat 34 in the intended manner. Examples of such inserts include those inserts described on pages 7-132 in the above referenced Kennametal Milling catalog. Specific  
10 examples include the ADKT or LFEW style inserts described therein.

The seats 34 and the inserts 38 thereon are positioned and stepped such that the inserts may or may not circumferentially overlap. In the embodiments  
15 shown, the inserts do slightly overlap. However, it is clearly within the invention and fitting of the objectives to separate the inserts circumferentially.

Each insert 38 includes at least one cutting edge 40 as shown in FIG 1. Because of the nature of the invention and the varying axial rake faces  
20 providing "all effective" cutting as described in detail below, the cutting edges 40 of adjacent inserts need not overlap although the actual inserts may or may not. It is however contemplated by the invention that the actual cutting edges could also overlap and as such  
25 this is part of the invention.

The seats 34 each include a radial rake angle and an axial rake angle. The radial rake angle is the angle between the seat face 36 and the work surface. It is the radial tilt of the seat 34 or the insert  
30 seated thereon when viewed from an outer cutting edge to inner edge and center axis perspective. With respect to this invention, the inventive features work regardless of the angle of the radial rake.

As shown in FIG. 4, the axial rake angle is  
35 the axial tilt of the seat 34 and/or the insert seated thereon in an end-to-end manner. More particularly, the axial rake angle is the angle between the center axis

of the tool body 10 and any plane parallel to the cutting edge of the insert seated in the seat face 36.

Referring to FIG. 4, there is shown an example where three angles  $\alpha_{nm}$ ,  $\beta_{nm}$  and  $\gamma_{nm}$  (wherein  $n$  = insert row and  $m$  = flute column) are regularly patterned on a three-fluted cutter. Although the present invention is illustrated using three angles  $\alpha_{nm}$ ,  $\beta_{nm}$  and  $\gamma_{nm}$  on a three-fluted cutter, it will be appreciated that the angles, number of flutes and pattern of angles and flutes may be varied as desired in accordance with the present invention. Furthermore, the hand of cut can be either right or left handed as well as the helix and the helix does not have to be on a continuous angle but may be varied as the helix progresses from the cutter face to the maximum axial depth of cut.

As shown in FIG. 4, the axial rake angle  $\alpha_{nm}$  (wherein  $n$  = the insert row and  $m$  = flute column) in helical groove 20, is different from the axial rake angle  $\beta_{nm}$  (wherein  $n$  = the insert row and  $m$  = flute column) in helical groove 22 and is different from the axial rake angle  $\gamma_{nm}$  (wherein  $n$  = the insert row and  $m$  = flute column) in helical groove 24. The axial rake angles  $\alpha_{nm}$ ,  $\beta_{nm}$  and  $\gamma_{nm}$  vary for each insert row  $n$  within each flute column  $m$ , e.g. 22, 24 and 26. By varying the rake angles  $\alpha_{nm}$ ,  $\beta_{nm}$  and  $\gamma_{nm}$  of insert to give an approximate lead angle in each individual pocket and/or each flute, the effect is a more homogeneous display of cutting edges as the inserts are presented to the workpiece. It will be appreciated that this homogeneity tends to distribute the impact of the cutting edges upon the workpiece more irregularly, thereby breaking up the harmonics. In addition to the effect on harmonics, the present invention allows for the influence of individual inserts cut length and effective rake angle the result of change to pitch. Here the center point of the inserts leading edge is



located on an equally spaced arrangement of the flutes. However, because of the varying angle of the inserts, the circumferential distance between all points on the inserts leading edges are not equal, the exception  
5 being the distance between the aforementioned center points.

The inserts may be arranged with or without overlapping the inserts' leading edges in one flute, for the following flutes insert arrangement can be such  
10 that there are no significant amounts of uncut material from the preceding flute's cut.

It will be appreciated that as a result, the effective axial length  $Z_1$ ,  $Z_2$ ,  $Z_3$  of the inserts also varies between grooves inversely to the axial rake  
15 angle. More particularly, as shown in FIG. 4, row 1, the effective axial length  $Z_3$  of insert in groove 24 is longer than the effective axial length  $Z_2$  of the insert in groove 22 which is longer than the effective axial length  $Z_1$  of the insert in groove 20, although the  
20 insert dimensions including overall length  $L$  are identical. Referring to row 2, the effective axial length  $Z_2$  of insert in groove 22 is longer than the effective axial length  $Z_1$  of insert in groove 24 which is longer than the effective axial length  $Z_3$  of the  
25 insert in groove 20. The calculation of this effective axial length is a geometric calculation where the effective axial length of the insert is one side of the triangle, the actual insert length is the longest side of the triangle, and the axial rake angle is the  
30 inclusive angle therebetween.

If these effective axial lengths  $Z$ , which are approximate the actual cutting length of each insert, are projected into a two dimensional view, they appear as shown in FIG. 4. The differing axial rakes equate  
35 to differing circumferential cutting lengths as shown by the differences between 40a and 40b. The use of multiple flutes with inserts positioned at different

axial rakes is an "all effective" cutting because the ridges, peaks, or other undulations caused by the cutting edges of adjacent inserts not overlapping are milled away by the inserts in the adjacent flute that  
5 are not aligned in cross section due to the differing axial rakes.

The actual angles of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  may be any angles between 0 degree and 90 degree. So long as the inserts in adjacent flutes do not terminate in the same  
10 cross sections. This is best shown in FIG. 4 by lines 50 and 52 whereby the benefits of this invention are achieved so long as lines 50 and 52 do not overlap.

Alternatively, the inserts in flutes 20 and 24, and in flutes 22 and 26, could be differently  
15 designed such that the seats 36 on the mill are identical, while the inserts provide for the differing axial rake angles. The invention only requires different axial rake at the cutting edge so the supplying of this axial rake may be based on the seat  
20 angle, the insert design, or both. If it is provided by the insert, the insert would then be thicker at one end with a smooth thickness transition to a thinner end.

In sum, the multiple flute end mill 10  
25 provides for "all effective" milling regardless of overlap of cutting edges or actual insert bodies in a given flute. An inventive feature is the varying of the axial rake angles between flutes and within the same flute which, in effect, varies the effective axial  
30 length of the inserts. By providing flutes with inserts thereon of differing axial lengths, the inserts are staggered and prove "all effective" cutting.

As previously indicated, the inventive feature of the invention of differing rake angles in  
35 the flutes is applicable to helical end mills, as shown in the figures, as well as face mills and other mills.

It is also applicable to tool bodies other than cylindrical tool bodies, such as conical tool bodies.

The documents identified herein are hereby incorporated by reference.

5           The present invention may, of course, be carried out in other specific ways than those herein set forth without departing from the spirit and essential characteristics of the invention. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all  
10 respects as illustrative and not restrictive and all changes coming within the meaning and equivalency range of the appended claims are intended to be embraced therein.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A cutting tool for cutting a workpiece comprising:

a tool body having an outer surface  
5 thereon and a central axis therein and including at least a first and second spiraling flute in the outer surface, each flute including a plurality of inserts secured therein to define an axial rake angle, wherein the axial rake angle of the inserts varies between  
10 flutes and within each flute.

2. The cutting tool of claim 1 wherein all of the inserts on the entire tool body are identical.

3. The cutting tool of claim 1 wherein the tool body includes three spiraling flutes, wherein each  
15 spiraling flute has a first, second and third axial rake angle.

4. The cutting tool of claim 3 wherein all of the inserts on the entire tool body are identical.

5. The cutting tool of claim 4 wherein each  
20 insert has an actual length longer than the cutting edge, and the actual lengths of adjacent inserts in any flute do not circumferentially overlap.

6. The cutting tool of claim 1 wherein the inserts each have a cutting edge and the cutting edges  
25 on adjacent inserts in any flute do not circumferentially overlap such that cutting using the cutting tool having at least two flutes with differing axial rake angles results in an all effective cut.

7. The cutting tool of claim 1 wherein the  
30 inserts each have a cutting edge and the cutting edges on inserts with differing axial rake angles have differing cutting edge lengths.

8. A cutting tool comprising:

a tool body with a central axis therein and an outer surface thereon, the tool body including at least a first and second spiraling flute in the outer surface, each spiraling flute including a plurality of inserts secured therein, the inserts in all of the flutes being identical, and wherein the inserts in the first flute are secured so as to be of a first effective axial length while the inserts in the second flute are secured so as to be of a second effective axial length different from the first effective axial length, the inserts each have a cutting edge and the cutting edges on adjacent inserts in any flute do not circumferentially overlap, wherein each insert has an actual length longer than the cutting edge, and the actual lengths of adjacent inserts in any flute circumferentially overlap.

9. The cutting tool of claim 8 wherein the inserts in the first flute are each secured at a first axial rake angle while the inserts in the second flute are each secured at a second axial rake angle different from the first axial rake angle.

10. The cutting tool of claim 8 wherein all of the inserts on the entire tool body are identical.

11. The cutting tool of claim 8 wherein the tool body includes four spiraling flutes, two of which have a first axial rake angle and two of which have a second axial rake angle.

12. The cutting tool of claim 8 wherein all of the inserts on the entire tool body are identical.

13. The cutting tool of claim 12 wherein each insert has an actual length longer than the cutting edge, and the actual lengths of adjacent inserts in any flute do not circumferentially overlap.



### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A cutting tool for cutting a workpiece comprising a tool body having an outer surface thereon and a central axis therein and including at least a first and second spiraling flute in the outer surface, each flute including a plurality of inserts secured therein to define an axial rake angle, wherein the axial rake angle of the inserts varies between flutes and within each flute.



FIG. 1



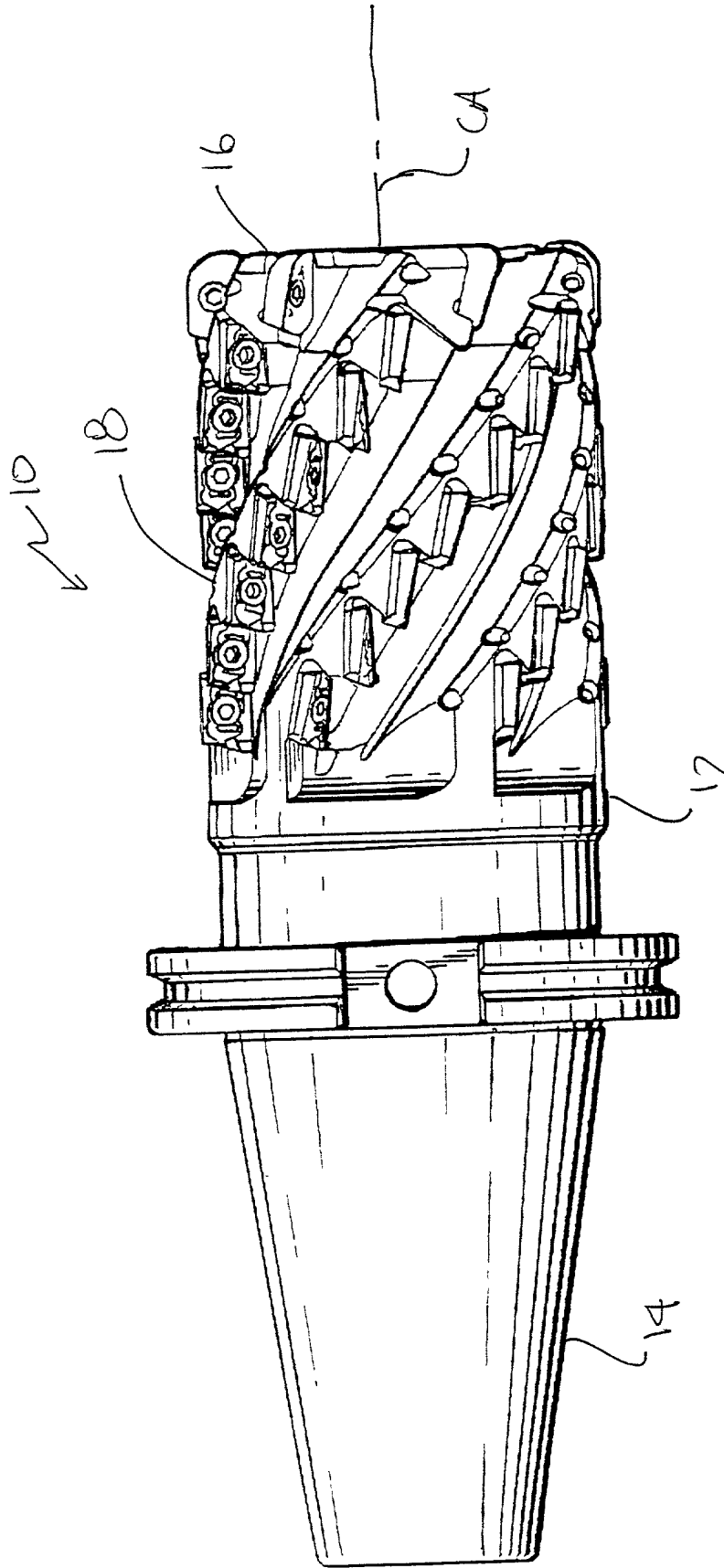


FIG. 2

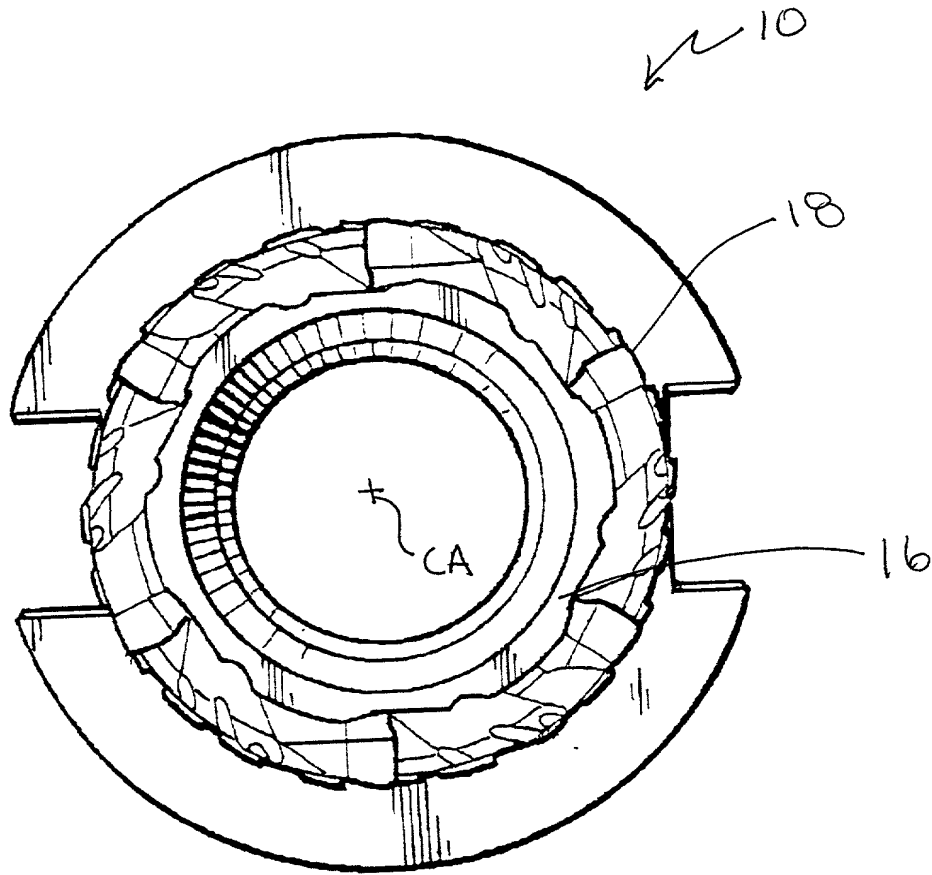


FIG. 3



**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY***(ORIGINAL, DESIGN, NATIONAL STAGE OF PCT OR CIP APPLICATION)*

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: MILLING CUTTER

the specification of which: *(complete (a), (b) or (c) for type of application)***REGULAR OR DESIGN APPLICATION**

- (a) ☒ is attached hereto.  
 (b) ☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as Application Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_.

**PCT FILED APPLICATION ENTERING NATIONAL STAGE**

- (c) ☐ was described and claimed in International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_ filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and as amended on \_\_\_\_\_.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF REVIEW OF PAPERS AND DUTY OF CANDOR**

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations. §1.56(a).

- ☐ In compliance with this duty there is attached an information disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.97.

**PRIORITY CLAIM**

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

*(complete (d) or (e))*

- (d) ☒ no such applications have been filed.  
 (e) ☐ such applications have been filed as follows:

**EARLIEST FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED WITHIN 12 MONTHS  
 (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO SAID APPLICATION**

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Date of Filing (day, month, year)</u>	<u>Date of Issue (day, month, year)</u>	<u>Priority Claimed</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

**ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED MORE THAN 12 MONTHS  
 (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO SAID APPLICATION**

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Date of Filing (day, month, year)</u>	<u>Date of Issue (day, month, year)</u>	<u>Priority Claimed</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

20140313 16:26:53

**CONTINUATION-IN-PART**

(complete this part only if this is a continuation-in-part application)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)	(patented, pending, abandoned)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)	(patented, pending, abandoned)

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

(List name and registration number)

John J. Prizzi	Registration No. 29,970
Larry R. Meenan	Registration No. 33,423
Kevin P. Weldon	Registration No. P-47,307
Stanislav Antolin	Registration No. 34,979
James G. Porcelli	Registration No. 33,757
Stephen T. Belsheim	Registration No. 28,688
John M. Halan	Registration No. 35,534
Thomas W. Cole	Registration No. 28,290
Thomas Lizzi	Registration No. 35,252

**SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO:****DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:**

Larry R. Meenan  
Kennametal Inc.  
P. O. Box 231  
Latrobe, PA 15650

Larry R. Meenan  
(724) 539-5485

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor Kenneth G. DeRoche

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.

Residence Greensburg, Pennsylvania 15601

Post Office Address R. D. 11, Box 699, Greensburg, PA 15601

Full name of second joint inventor, if any Howard W. Frye

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.

Residence Oswego, Illinois 60543

Post Office Address 33 Beaumeade Road, Oswego, IL 60543

[X] Signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.  
Number of pages added 1.

[ ] Signature by administrator(trix), executor(trix) or legal representative for deceased or incapacitated inventor. Number of pages added \_\_\_\_.

[ ] Signature for inventor who refuses to sign or cannot be reached by person authorized under 35 CFR 1.47. Number of pages added \_\_\_\_.

ADDED PAGE TO COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR SIGNATURE BY  
THIRD AND SUBSEQUENT INVENTORSFull name of third joint inventor, if any Ronald L. Dudzinsky

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.Residence Derry, Pennsylvania 15627Post Office Address 509 Traction Avenue, Derry, PA 15627Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any Mark A. Francis

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.Residence Solon, Ohio 44139Post Office Address 6515 Copley Avenue, Solon, OH 44139

Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of sixth joint inventor, if any \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_

Full name of seventh joint inventor, if any \_\_\_\_\_

Inventor's signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Country of Citizenship U.S.A.

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office Address \_\_\_\_\_